Keck Interferometer Nuller Status



Mark Colavita, Section 383, and the KI development and operations teams at JPL, MSC/Caltech, and Keck Observatory

Project Objective

- -Combine the two Keck Telescopes as an Interferometer
 - -Adaptive Optics (AO) on both telescopes
 - -2.2 um active fringe tracking
 - -Lots of other active systems
- -H & K band fringe visibility mode
- -High sensitivity measurements of a range of astrophysical objects
- -10 um nulling mode
- -Measure exozodiacal dust around nearby main sequence stars

Recent Results

- -V2 mode has been routinely available to the community since 2004
- -Nuller has recently completed its development & validation, including shared-risk-science observations
- -Nuller begins its Key Science program this month

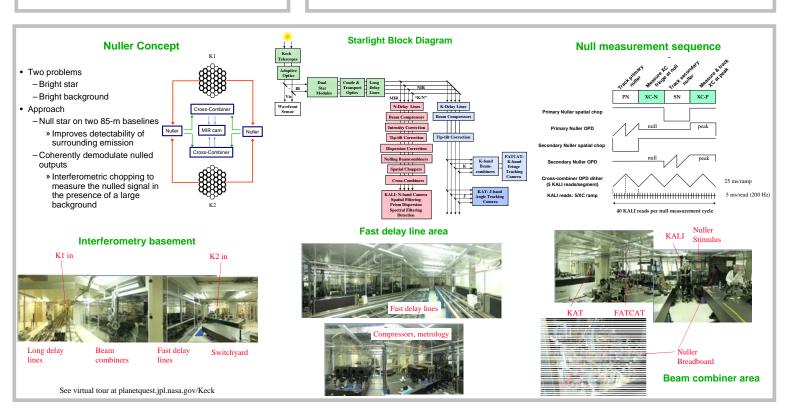
Key Science team PI's

Gene Serabyn, JPL

Phil Hinz, Univ. of Arizona

Marc Kuchner, GSFC

-First shared-risk nuller science paper on observations of Nova RS Oph just accepted



Benefits to NASA and JPL

- -Studies of planet-forming regions at K and N band
- -Exozodiacal survey of nearby stars to improve on current SED measurements and to support science planning for future exoplanet missions
- -Available to the NASA community through the TAC process
- -State-of-the art technology for fringe measurement, control, and stabilization at K and N bands

Publications

- -R. K. Barry et al. "Milliarcsecond N-Band Observations of the Nova RS Ophiuchi," 2008, ApJ, accepted [arXiv:0801.4165]
- -M.M. Colavita, E. Serabyn, P L. Wizinowich, R.L. Akeson, "Nulling at the Keck Interferometer," 2006, SPIE 6268, 626803
- -E. Serabyn et al., "The Keck Interferometer Nuller (KIN): configuration, measurement approach,..." 2005, SPIE 5905, 272 For more information, including a list of KI science papers, see http://planetquest.jpl.nasa.gov/Keck

For instrument sensitivities and science support services, see http://msc.caltech.edu/software/KISupport